CHEMICAL SPILLS

First, you must decide on whether to evacuate the immediate area of the spill. If you find yourself in a situation
were you cannot safely control the spill, the safest action is to evacuate the area. The likelihood of a chemical
spill occurring outside of a laboratory is rare, but if you find yourself confronting a chemical hazard in a non-
laboratory (clinic, mechanical room, outdoors) setting please contact REHS at 848-445-2550 or RUPD (New
Brunswick 732-932-7111, Newark 973-353-5111 or 973-972-4491, Camden 856-225-6111).

For Laboratory Incidents:

Evacuation

• If the spill is contained within an operating fume hood, evacuation is not necessary.
• If the spill is outside of an operating fume hood but within your lab, evacuation is usually not necessary
  since the laboratories are generally under negative pressure with respect to surrounding areas.
• If the spill is outside a laboratory, if you spill a Particularly Hazardous Substance, or you have reason to
  believe that a spill in the laboratory may escape into the surrounding areas, please do not hesitate to pull a
  fire alarm if you feel the need for building-wide evacuation.

Personal Contamination

• If a spilled material has contacted any part of your body, start first aid measures immediately. Shout for help
  and move directly to the nearest eyewash or safety shower. Disrobe promptly if clothing is involved.
• If eyes or skin are involved flush with an emergency eyewash and/or safety shower for a minimum of 30
  minutes. Other persons should assist (you will need help with eye flushing) and should contact RUPD (New
  Brunswick 732-932-7111, Newark 973-353-5111 or 973-972-4491, Camden 856-225-6111) as soon as
  possible to obtain medical assistance

Spill Cleanup

If you have the appropriate laboratory training, you can clean up a chemical spill yourself. Make a
determination on whether a cleanup can be handled or if assistance is required. Generally, the spill can and
should be cleaned up by laboratory personnel if the material is of low hazard (low corrosivity and toxicity) and
if one gallon or less has been spilled. REVIEW THE APPROPRIATE SAFETY DATA SHEETS and use the
following guidelines based on the size of the spill.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Small Spill</th>
<th>Large Spill</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ASSESS</strong> spill size, chemical type and available cleanup equipment.</td>
<td><strong>ATTEND</strong> to injured persons, seek appropriate medical attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EVACUATE</strong> the immediate area.</td>
<td><strong>EVACUATE</strong> area/building.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WARN</strong> other personnel.</td>
<td><strong>EXTINGUISH</strong> ignition and heat sources.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WEAR</strong> appropriate PPE.</td>
<td><strong>PREVENT</strong> spill from spreading.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CLEAN UP</strong> spill using appropriate spill kit if trained to do so.</td>
<td><strong>CONTACT REHS</strong> for assistance. After hours call RUPD.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>CONTAIN</strong> spilled material in a sturdy plastic bag or sealed drum. Apply a hazardous waste label and contact REHS for disposal.</td>
<td><strong>FILE</strong> a formal incident report.</td>
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</tbody>
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If you require any more information, contact REHS at 848-445-2550 or REHS-Newark 973-972-3694